## "SEIZE THE OPPORTUNITY."

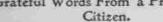
So Said Caesar, and His Words are Still Gems of Human Wisdom.

Dr. Edward Walsh, the Renowned Specialist in all Ear, Eye and Nervous Diseases, Has Consented to Remain One More Week, and will be at the Hotel Throop, Topeka, Until Saturday Evening, April 30.—All Should Seize This Opportunity to Consult This Successful Specialist at This Time, as His Numerous Engagements at Chicago Will Prevent Him From Staying Longer Than Next Week.

## CONSULTATION FREE TO ALL.

No matter how hopeless your case may seem, call on him, because Dr. Walsh has cured many people whom other physicians have pronounced hopeless.

Dr. Walsh is a graduate of Rush and Bennett Medical Colleges, two of the best medical colleges in the world, and was formerly Chief Eye and Ear Surgeon of St. Anthony's Hospital, one of the largest hospitals in the country. On account of his wonderful success and scientific discoveries, he was appointed President of the Medical and Surgical Staff of the Hospital.



Mr. W. M. Lane, the well known gro cer of North Topeka, is one of the numerous patients who speaks highly of Dr. Walsh's treatment. He says: "I Dr. Walsh's treatment. He says: have been subject to catarrh of the head and stomach and spinal troubles with the many nervous symptoms. I have taken treatment at different times for years with but little benefit, until I consulted Dr. Walsh. I am simply surprised at the wonderful effects of his treatment. I prove felt better in my life. ment. I never felt better in my life than now, and I never was so free from pain. I cheerfully recommend the treat-

A Remarkable Operation for Cross Eye-No Pain, No Chloroform.

ne fourteen-year-old daughter of McCormick of No. 202 Monroe st., was cross eyed for several years. At the Hotel Throop Dr. Walsh operated upon her left eye by his new method. The operation was done in a few minthe operation was done in a few min-tures and without any pain, the girl sitting in an ordinary chair. It was really so wonderful that such a difficult opera-tion could be done without any pain that all present were dumbfounded with

How Catarrh is Cured.

Catarrh in its worst form made the life of J. M. Ward of North Topeka most miserable. He is a printer and had to work long hours, and the catarrh so weakened his system that he finally had to give up work. He had a bad cought and many physicians claimed he had consumption. Catarrh had made the right ear almost entirely deaf and the hearing in the left was very much affected. He underwent the vapor and electrical treatment and at the end of one month his cough had entirely stopped, the hearing in the left ear is reped, the hearing in the left ear is restored and right ear can hear a watch tick two inches away.

Mr. E.S. Lockwood of \$21 North Quincy street is a cabinet maker. He has been partially deaf for about fifteen years, although he has tried many different medicines by received little and the control of the c

ferent medicines he received little or no benefit. After five days' treatment from Dr. Walsh his improvement was so marked that he was overjoyed and says that he has every confidence in the

Mrs. A. McClellan is one of the lead-ing society ladies of Atchison. She says: "I have been under the treatment of Dr.

Walsh for my eyes for a month. I can now see more clearly and better than I have for years."

Mr. A. C. Best is one of our oldest arr. A. C. Best is one of our oldest settlers in Kansas. He lives near Monrovia and is highly respected by all. These are his grateful words: "I have taken treatment of Dr. Walsh for deafness and ringing noises in the head. The case was a long standing one. I can truthfully say my head is classes."

Gov. Leedy's Appointment of

Fred Funston So Regard-

ed by Politicians.

of volunteers is looked upon as a

Of course Governor Leedy won't ad-

er in the appointment, and simply says

only dissatisfaction heard is

Governor Leedy.

Grateful Words From a Prominent | hearing is better and I feel the good effects of the treatment in every way." She Was Almost Blind; Now She

Sees as Well as Anyone. The five-year old daughter of Mr. Jerry Taylor suffered from ulceration and inflammation of the cornea in both eyes for three years. During the three years the parents had expended every effort in trying to have their little one

cured.
The treatment for the first year at times seemed to do her eyes some good but the improvement did not last long and at the end of the year her eyes were worse than in the beginning. As the parents realized that their

as the parents realized that their child's condition was getting worse and would eventually cause blindness their grief was extreme, but with persistency they kept on seeking medical advice. During the last year the child's eyes were treated by another physician. Twice a week she would be chloroformed and then the physician would burned and then the physician would burned and then the physician would burned. ed and then the physician would burn the lids and ulcers. They submitted to this heroic treatment in the hope that

this heroic treatment in the hope that it might cure, but the result was worse than before and the little one began to fall in health also.

Finally they sought Dr. Walsh. At this time the condition was pitiable. The lids were red, angry and swollen, and she could not open them without assistance; the eye itself seemed to have been lost in inflammation. When Dr. Walsh assured Mr. Taylor that the child could be cured, he began to feel renewed hope, and the pleasant part renewed hope, and the pleasant part was that the treatment was without pain of any kind. At the end of three weeks' time the change in the eyes was remarkable, the inflammation had disappaeared and the sight was rapidly returning until now the child is well.

In this case Dr. Walsh used his famous medical absorption treatment, which can entirely free the eye from inflammation.

Inflammation.

In the case of Mr, T. O. Keefe who has been deaf for thirty years and stone deaf for ten years, after two months' treatment the report is:
"Right ear can hear watch tick four inches away and can hear loud conversation seven feet away; left ear can hear yatch tick one inch away.

Mr. Edward Ouick of Cardova relates

Mr. Edward Quick of Cardova relates Mr. Edward Quick of Cardova relates his wonderful recovery. Three years ago he became affected with pain in the back of the head, extreme nervousness, floating spots before the eyes, poor appetite, etc. His strength rapidly failed him so much so that he had to quit work. He could not sleep at nights and at times felt so bad that his wife thought he would lose his mind. He tried many specialtists but without suc-cess. He was recommended to Dr. Walsh by his friend, Mr. Ed. Shalek. From the beginning of his treatment he rapidly improved, until now he is en-tirely well and has returned to his truthfully say my head is clearer, my work again,

will make the appointment when the call is issued." A MASTER STROKE. When asked for his opinion on the present state of affairs Col. Funston said: "I think that unless we should have a disastrous naval conflict in

have a disastrous naval conflict in which we should have our navy badly crippled and should have communication between the United States and Havana cut off, the troops that the United States will probably land on the island would end the war in 90 days, but should our ships be unable to land enough troops on the island of Cuba the war will last indefinitely. The call made by the president of 125,000 men will make about three full regiments for Kansas to furnish. I think that the men who go from here will not be troubled with sickness on the island of Cu-The appointment of Fred Funston to be colonel of the First Kansas regiment shrewd political move on the part of bled with sickness on the island of Cu-ba. There is nothing to fear on that line." onit that politics cut any figure whatev-

TO PRAY FOR HELP.

"I appointed Funston because he served two years in the Cuban cause and knows what fighting on the island means. If he had been a Democrat or a Populist I would have appointed him just the same. I considered he had the best claim for the appointment because he was a Wansan man who reject. Episcopal Bishop Recommends the Following Prayer.

The Rt. Rev. Frank R. Millspaugh. D. D., bishop of the diocese of Kansas and Rt. Rev. Frank K. Brooke, D. D., missionary bishop of Oklahoma and Indian territory, who is in the city at this time, have recommended the following prayer to be used in the churches: cause he was a Kansas man who raised himself from a private to the chief of artillery in the Cuban army. If there is any other man who has as good and as reasonable a claim in this state I am

not acquainted with him."

Nevertheless Governor Leedy today realizes that it is the most popular or most powerful and glorious Lord God, the Lord of the Hosts who rulest and commandest land and sea, who sittest in the throne judging right, we make our supplication to thy Divine Majesty, that Thou wouldst take our cause into thine own hand and judge between us and our enemies. Stir up thy strength, O Lord, and come and heln us. Hear us thy servants implored. move he could have made as far as the majority of the people of the state are concerned. Republican politicians re-gard it as a very shrewd piece of work, gard it as a very shrewd piece of work, and are already feeling alarmed over the possibility of Governor Leedy's "war record" placing him in office by an overwhelming majority for two more years. While Governor Leedy's explanation is very reasonable in the light of Fred Funston's connection with the Cuban cause, it is a happy coincidence for him that he is the sen of a Republican ex-congressman and prominent candidate for governor in the coming campaign. Some even go so far as to say it will win 10,000 Republican votes to the fusion ticket. help us. Hear us thy servants implor-ing thy help and be a defense unto us against the face of the enemy. Show Thyself as the Saviour and mighty deliverer of all who are desolate and op-pressed; through Jesus Christ, our Lord who with Thee and the Holy Ghost, liveth and reigneth ever one God, world

without end. Amen.

A man yesterday afternoon rented a horse and buggy of Henry Lodge, the North Topeka liveryman, saying that he had a short drive to make. He left there and did not return. Early this morning Wm. Hedrick brought the horse and horse hack to the barry. The forse was in such bad condition that it

FIRST WAR GUN.

[Continued from First Page.]

closed, as their owners and employes are volunteers and have therefore been called to the defense of the city. As this dispatch is sent the civil and military authorities of Havana are in consultation at the palace and every precaution possible to the Spanlards has been taken to guard against a night surprise and to resist an attack if the

GOV. LEEDY'S CALL

For Kansas Troops Will Be Issued on Monday.

Governor Leedy today made public his arrangements for calling the Kansas volunteers together. He will issue his proclamation Monday morning. The apportionment for volunteers will be according to congressional districts. The call for 125,000 men gives Kansas

three regiments, and each congression-

al district will have to contribute four

ompanies of 100 men each. The number of recruiting stations in each district will equal the number of ompanies to be raised, and will repreent the most convenient points within the prescribed territory. Recruiting officers and surgeons will be at once appointed and sent to the respective towns. Only able bodied men between the ages of 21 and 45 who are physical-

the ages of 21 and 45 who are physically sound will be received as volunteers under the instructions of the governor. The men of the respective companies will be given the privilege of electing their officers from sixth corporal to captain. Every battalion of three companies will be in command of a major, and these appointments will be made by Governor Leedy.

As soon as the call is received Governor Leedy will at once set to work selecting the recruiting officers and surgeons and designating the recruiting stations in each congressional district. All details of this nature will be contained in his proclamation when issued.

## \$500,000,000 LOAN.

Provided For by the New Revenue Bill.

Washington, April 23 .- A \$500,000,000 loan s provided in the new tariff bill in the form of 3 per cent 10-20 bonds; \$100,000,000 certificates of indebtedness, to bear 3 per cent interest, are also provided.

SEEN FROM HAVANA

Great Excitement Follows Appearance of Sampson's Squadron.

New York, April 23.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana, timed Fri-

day, 5 p. m., says:

From the hills of Guanaja I saw
United States warships this afternoon.

They are advancing on Havana from
the westward. The news has reached
Moro castle. There all is alert but fear
is in the hearts of the city's defend-

Havana's weak point lies and ahead of the American fleet. The course of the ships is in direct accordance with the plan of war which the Herald first

published.
It means—and everybody admits it—
the bombardment of Hayana unless the city surrenders in sight of a superior

Gen. Blanco, in full uniform, which he has worn about two days in the last two months, is at the Santa Clara battery, the strongest of the city's defen-ses. With him are all the officers of his staff, and the chief officers of all the regular and volunteer regiments. Orderlies are rushing through the city shouting the call to arms and carrying orders to the batteries and re-

ports to the captain general.

Ominous is the situation. Everybody grants that fact, but everybody is rushing out of the city or to its fortifica-tions. The number who have sought the latter places to fight is enormous. The United States ships could not

The United States ships could not possibly select a better place for landing than they can find in the neighborhood to which they are pointing.
Blanco realizes the danger and has rushed large bodies of troops to Santa Clara. He has sent others to hurry to Vedado and Carmelo. The garrisons are weak there and even with the rein-

orcements could not last long because forcements could not last long because the defenses are not strong.

Troops could be landed there with little more than a skirmish and it is thought this will be the first place at which the Americans will strike.

Then, too, Blanco is fearful lest the first of the invaders come up the little river Almendarez, where they could make an undisputed landing a few miles to the westward of the city. The armament there is insignificant. The

armament there is insignificant. The chief defense is the old castle De Alares, Several regiments have been sent to the Playa de Mariano, where there is an important but undefended landing place. From that point a railroad runs to Havana.

Arolas, the military governor, is acting with Blanco, and both went out and made a reconnoissance in the direction of Mariano. The two, after leaving Santa Clara, went to the Reiana battery.

All the guns at all of the fortifications armament there is insignificant. The

All the guns at all of the fortifications are manned. The men have orders to stand by them all night. The attack is expected at daybreak.

FRANCE WILL WATCH IT. Will Station a Fleet in the West Indies During the War.

Brest, France, April 23.-The naval authorities here have received orders, directly that war is declared between Spain and the United States the French northern squadron is to be fitted out and the Atlantic naval division kept in constant proximity to the An-

MOSBY WANTS TO FIGHT. Confederate Guerilla Chief Offers His

Services.

CALLED THEM DOWN. and France Cannot Act Austria Jointly in This Country.

Washington, April 22.-As a result of objection raised by the state department to the joint action of the French ambassador and the Austrian minister, in representing Spanish interests in this country, it is understood that a satisfactory arrangement has been made by which an ambassador and minister will divide their duties ad will act separately in looking after Spanish affairs and in dealing with the authorities. The arrangement was made after a conference between Judge Day and the ambassador and minister. At the outset the department took decided grounds against a "joint" representation, believing that it invited confusion and was quite unusual. ment to the joint action of the French

grounds against a "joint" representation, believing that it invited confusion and was quite unusual.

The ambassador and minister thereupon made known their course which contemplates distinct action in different localities and this was satisfactory to the United States. The French consuls or consul generals will take charge of Spanish interests at New Orleans, San Francisco, Philadelphia, Boston and Galveston. At these points the Austrian government is not represented by consular officers. If any case originates at these points, and is brought before the state department, then the French ambassador will take entire charge of the negotiations so far as Spain's interests are concerned, without consulting the Austrian minister, On the other hand the Austrian consuls and vice consuls will take charge of Spanish interests at New York, Chicago and Pittsburg. As to cases in these localities, the Austrian minister will act independently and without consulting the French ambassador.

In smaller cities, where no consuls belonging to the regular service of France or Austria are located the consular agents, commercial or honorary, will take charge of Spanish interests, seniority determining whether a French or an Austrian official shall be in charge. The ambassador and minister will have no joint functions to perform far Spain in the sense of conducting diplomatic

no joint functions to perform fer Spain in the sense of conducting diplomatic negotiations, as all diplomatic relations with Spain are terminated.

QUESTION OF COAL.

It is a Serious One and Much Depends on England's Action.

on England's Action.

Washington, April 23.—The navy department is prepared to take immediate advantage of any action of congress in the direction of providing for coal depots and has already outlined plans for the establishment of such depots and has ascertained the feasibility of stocking them at very short notice. The attitude of the British government upon the question of making coal contraband is awaited with keen interest in naval circles. Operating for the in naval circles. Operating for the south of Cuba, as our ships must nec-essarily do if anything like a complete blockade is to be maintained, the prob-lem of supplying them with coal is a question of the greatest importance. This may be done expensively and un-certainly owing to the danger of forage by the neemy's ships, through the use of steam colliers sent from the United States

It is highly desirable however, that It is highly desirable however, that in an emergency our ships may have the opportunity to draw upon some of the British coal supply in the West Indies. It is believed however, owing to the guarded manner in which Mr. Balfour replied to the direct question as to governments making coal contraband that Great Britain will adopt a fermidable source. She will probable. band that Great Britain will adopt a formidable course. She will probably refuse to allow the war ships of any of the combatants to take on a full supply of coal at any British point. But on the other hand she will probably allow any such ships arriving at her port short of coal to take on a supply sufficient to take them to their next port, thus applying the common rule of neutrality.

The decision of the British government that the Spanish cruiser Audaz now under repairs at Queenstown, can-

now under repairs at Queenstown, can-not be detained under the neutrality laws, is not without some benefit to the United States, inasmuch as we now have the torpedo boat Somers, just purchased from Germany in dock at Falmouth, Eng., repairing damages sustained in the passage over from she might be subject to detention,

LETTER FROM GOMEZ

Member of the Cuban Junta Hears From the Insurgent General. New York, April 23.-T. Estrada Pal-

ma of the Cuban junta has received a letter from Gen. Maximo Gomez, con-

taining the following:
"Great things have been done. The
essential thing now is to triumph, which will be great glory to the victor, who, like David of Biblical fame, destroyed Goliath with only his sling and stone. "Blanco and Pando have sent me emissaries with presents. The presents I burned before their eyes, and I told them if they should ever return, I would hang them. The poor men were most astonished, and I have since learned that they refused to come back a sec-ond time unless they would be permit-

ond time unless they would be permitted to remain with my army.

"I hasten to tell you this so you can know the infamy of the Spaniards. One year ago there was no clemency, no quarter. Woman, mothers and children were made victims of the Spanish. The soldiers of Weyler were taking with them everywhere desolation and ruin. By means of the hellograph the Spanish generals sent soldiers everywhere through the island.

"Generals Luque, Ruiz and others destroyed earthe horses and even the

"Generals Luque, Ruiz and others destroyed cattle, horses and even the palm trees. The two hundred thousand men then in the island disputed the privilege of who should kill the most. Not one peace commissioner came then. "But all to no purpose. We made their troops useless: the heliograph and enemy's cannon of no account. All our fields have given us bountiful fruits, while hunger reigns in the cities. We do not know where the Spanish army has gone.

"I was then mentioned as the 'so-called.' Today they address me as called.' Today they address me as 'distinguished adversary.'
"Why this change? The answer is "Why this change? The answer is simple. It is that the Spaniards see that their cause is lost, and they are trying to gain time to prepare for the inevitable. I shall continue to fight with the same energy as in the past. Victory will crown my efforts."

TIME TO GET OUT.

Volunteers



Wanted

To Buy the Best Piano on Earth, the

4\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

"Bradbury"

## C. P. Adams Music Pavilion

113 West Sixth Street.

<del>^</del>

might be serious difficulty, in the way of such notice in case the Spanish forts open fire on American ships, as it is hardly to be expected that the ships would remain under fire for twenty-four hours, without returning the fire. Under the existing circumstances, members of the diplomatic corps are looking for notification giving ample time for the withdrawal of all foreign

ARE AFRAID TO FIGHT.

Fourteen Members of the Berea (O.( Company Show the White Feather at a Critical Time.

Cleveland, O., April 23.—Fourteen members of the Berea company of the Fifth regiment have served notice on their captain, Ed Kennedy, that they

will not go to war.

While the company was drilling, Captain Kennedy asked the men if there was anyone who would be sorry if an order came to go to the front. He was almost paralyzed when 14 men stepped forward and plainly told him that they would absolutely refuse to a Captain would absolutely refuse to go. Captain Kennedy is broken hearted that the white feather should be shown in his of all companies in the Fifth regiment. He thought he had the best and the bravest of aggregations.

LOCAL MENTION.

Dr. J. P. Lewis is building an addition to his residence on Harrison street. Dr. Eva Harding has tendered her services to Gov. Leedy as physician in the volunteer service.

Representative hall has been secured for the joint meeting of the Kansas Medical societies in this city May 4 to

Topeka lodge, Knights of Pythias, will exemplify the work of the order at the hall tonight. The meeting will be Mr. L. M. Crawford hopes to again secure the management of the Del Conte

Italian Grand Opera company for next The opening of hostilities between the United States and Spain was discussed at the meeting of the American Labor Union last night. Prof. J. P. Grimsley of Washburn col-

lege, who has been seriously ill with tonsilitis, is reported better today. His mother arrived yesterday to take care

of him.

Dr. LaFevre of Abilene, who is at present conducting a special course in bacteriology at the Kansas Medical college, has decided to locate permanently in Topeka. J. T. Morphy today sent to the Smith Center Journal by telegraph 200 words hourly from the State Journal's bullet-

Excitement is running high at Smith Center The Topeka physicians are arranging to give an elaborate banquet for the cal society during the annual meeting

on the evening of May 5. Rob Robinson was arrested by Patrolman Jenkins, and opposite his name on the police docket was the charge: "Uncontrollable boy." His parents call-ed at the jail and had him released.

Adjutant General Allen had to send three miles in the country yesterday to get enough powder to fire the national salute. Hereafter a plentiful supply salute. Hereafter a plentiful supply will be kept in the armory at the state

Weather Observer T. B. Jennings says that there is a probability of frost tonight with fair weather tonight and Sunday. The air will be cooler. The minimum temperature for the night was 46 degrees. H. B. Smith, a man found in the rall-

road yards by Patrolmen Hendricks and Grosh, who could not give a straight account of himself, was fined \$5 today for carrying concealed weapons. He had an iron "knuckle" in his pocket, which is one of the most dangerous hand to band weapons. hand to hand weapons.

Weather Indications.

Chicago, April 23.-For Kansas: Fair tonight and Sunday; cooler tonight and probably frost; westerly winds.

Mr. C. C. Taylor, the expert piano tuner action and tone regulator of New York, has found several of the actions of the best pianos in ruinious condition on account of moth. Mr. Taylor has proved to the people of Topeka that he thoroughly understands his business. Orders can be left for him at C. P. Adams' Music pavillon who can sell you a Steinway, Bradbury and other high grade planos to sult purchasers. Mr. C. C. Taylor, the expert plano

Those New Stanhopes. See them at Warner & Potter's, 526 and 528 Quincy street.

TODAY'S MARKET REPORT. Furnished by the Associated Press to the State Journal.

the State Journal.

Chicago, April 23.

WHEAT—Wheat today opened weak on lower cables and favorable crop news. Outside trade was practically nil and local professionals bearish. Quotations were easily marked down. But continued strength in the northwestern markets checked selling and caused some covering, on which the market railled to the opening price. Chicago receipts amounted to 108 cars, compared with 14 cars a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth got 28 cars against 389 cars last year. Cable acceptances of wheat were limited to a few lots. July wheat opened 1/26/4c lower at \$1.34, sold between \$1.14 and \$1.12, holding steady around \$1.13.

CORN—Corn opened weak with wheat, but railled some on buying against puts. July opened 1/26/4c lower at \$22/46/3c, sold off to 323/4c, raillying to 33c.

OATS—Oats were duil and heavy with other cereals. July opened 1/26 lower at 24c, sold at 23%c, raillying to 34c.

PROVISIONS—Provisions opened weak and sold off on heavy liquidation. The decline was helped by free offerings from packers. July pork opened 12/26/221/4c lower at \$5.52/4, steady. July ribs started unchanged to 5c lower at \$5.450,550, holding steady at \$5.47/4, after touching \$5.42/4.

BARLEY—Cash, \$1.20, cash northwestern, \$1.30, May, \$1.30, September, \$1.126,114.

Timothy—April, \$2.97/5.

Chicago, April 23.—Wheat has been nervolved with the close of the pack week but at the close contents.

TIMOTHY—April, \$2.50%.

Chicago, April 23.—Wheat has been nervous during the past week, but at the close Friday the July option showed an advance of \$3c, while May gained \$5c. War prospects which culminated on Friday, largely controlled values. Speculators held widely diverging opinions as to the ultimate effect of war upon grain values in the United States. Liverpool quotations advanced steadily and enormous quantities were sold for direct export, cable offerings being accepted with direct avidity. But when ocean freight rates took a sudden jump on Friday the bears flooded the pit with offerings. Their theory is that with advancing ocean rates and higher prices at Liverpool, prices on this side must seek a lower level at the present time, or at least until the question of privateering has been settled. July, which sold a week ago at \$4%c, touched \$9c at the opening on Friday, but after a short period of steadiness dropped to \$8%c and closed \$6c from the bottom. Favorable crop news and seasonable weather generally had considerable influence on distant options. May wheat did not feel the effects of these conditions and closed the week at an advance of \$9c. Higher prices at the northwest and steady acceptance of all the cash wheat offered abroad influenced the new month entirely.

Chicago Livestock Market.

Chicago, April 23, HOGS—Estimated receipts, 23,000; left over, 1,400. Active at 50710c decline, Light, \$3,75073.95; mixed, \$3.85@4.02½; heavy, \$3.800 4.05; rough, \$1.80@3.86. CATTLE—Receipts, 200. Dull and unchanged.
SHEEP—Receipts. 5,000. Market steady.
Native sheep. \$2.25(4.65); westerns, \$3.75(9.4.65); lambs. \$46(5.50.
Yesterday's official:
HOGS—Receipts. 27.317; shipments, 4,423.
CATTLE—Receipts, 2,490; shipments, 2,-991

SHEEP-Receipts, 7,743; shipment, 814. Estimated receipts of hogs for Monday, 18,000.

Kansas City Livestoc Market.

Kansas City, April 23. CATTLE-Receipts, 100. Market unhanged.
HOGS—Receipts. 6,000. Market 5@10c ower. Bulk of sales, \$3.65@3.82\cdots; heavies. \$7.063.82\cdots; heavies. \$7.063.82\cdots; packers, \$3.65@3.55; mixed. \$3.50.23.50; lights. \$3.55@3.70; yorkers, \$3.65@3.70;

II-16c; centrifugal 96 test, 4 3-16c; refined, strong; crushed, 5%c; powdered, 5%c; granulated, 5%c. COFFEE—Quiet.

Furnished by the W. A. Michael Com-mission Co., Brokers in Grain, Provisions and Stock, 110 West Sixth ave., Topeka, Kan. Market Gossip.

And Stock, 110 West Sixth ave., Topeka, Kan.

Liverpool: Wheat 3sd higher.
New York bank statement: Reserve, increase \$1,179,025; loans, decrease \$2,429,100; specie, increase \$3,85,800; legal tenders, decrease \$2,232,300; deposits, decrease \$2,302,100; circulation, increase \$140,800.
New York: Marked sirength is certainly the feature of the current Wall street stock market. Action assuring war between Spain and the United States caused a decline of only \$2,322, per cent Thursday. An actual state of war, involved in the American capture of a Spanish unarmed vessel witnessed the recovery of half or more of the losses on the day following. Yesterday's markets here and abroad were decidedly surprising in all circumstances. Rallroad bonds were extremely dull and government bonds heavy, though no important decline. All of Thursday's chill appeared to have passed off over night. After the street for over two months had been confidently asserting there would be no war it has, now that war is at hand, taken to declaring as confidently that it will last only a short time. The manner in which the market met the test of actual beligerency argues that the issue will be awalted with a great deal of confidence, by holders of securities. There few striking developments of a purely financial sort yesterday. Money markets were entirely without convulsive features. Time money did not rise above 6 per cent, possibly for the time being the flow of gold to these shores may not be as heavy as has been heretofore.

Chicago: Estimated receipts Monday; Wheat, 130 cars; corn, 470 cars; oats, 350 cars; hogs, 39.900 head.

Chicago receipts: Wheat 168 cars, grade 68 cars; corn 437 cars, grade 219 cars; oats, 383 cars, grade 79 cars.

Ranges of Prices. Furnished by the W. A. Michael Commission Co., Brokers in Grain, Provisions and Stock, 110 West Sixth ave., Topeka, Kan. Article. Open High Low Close Yes.

May ... 11314 114 112 114 11414 July ... 87% 8914 87% 8914 88% 15 Sept ... 8014 8114 80% 8114 8154 April ..... 5 40-42 5 40 May ... 5 22 5 40-42 5 32 5 40-42 5 40 July ... 5 45 5 50 5 42 5 50

Ranges of Prices on Stocks. Furnished by the W. A. Michael Com-mission Co., Brokers in Grain, Provisions and Stock, 110 West Sixth ave., Topeka, Kan.

New York, April 23. Stocks. Op'n [High] Low |Cl'se |Yes,

W. A. MICHAEL COMMISSION CO., 110 West Sixth Ave. Topeka, Kan

Grain, Provisions, Stocks

HAY—Stronger, higher. Choice timothy, \$10; choice prairie, \$8.25.

BUTTER—Firm. Creamery, 14@17c; dairy, 12@15c.

EGGS—Firm. Fresh, 9c.

The Cotton Market.

New York, April 23.

COTTON—Spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 6 7-16c; middling gulf, 6 11-16.

Sales 787 bales.

Sugar and Coffee.

New York, April 22.

SUGAR—Raw, strong; fair refining 3 You can buy or sell anything dealt in

Telephone 669. H. GUHNE, Manager.

among the Populist state officers, some of whom say that the appointment of Funston is a direct slight to many prominent Populist ex-soldiers who came out of the civil war with honors and who have the ability for the position Foreign Embassies are Looking to Kansas City Produce Market. Ean Francisco, April 23.—Col. John S. Mosby of guerilla fame, who is now a resident of this city, has wired to Gen. Miles for authority to raise a battallon This feeling can only be accounted for Why Not the Bombardment of Havana. by the supposition that the state offi-cers are either afraid that the move will redound to the interest of Governor will probably die. Hedrick was ar-rested. Frank Belmire, who rented the conveyance, and who, it is charged, drove the horse nearly all night, was also arrested. Take the Union Pacific's new 8:20 a. m., Washington, April 23.—The foreign representatives are beginning to feel much uneasiness over the situation of the foreign subjects residing at Havatrain for Kansas City? Returning, you can leave Kansas City at 4 p. m., reaching Topeka at 6:10 p. m., or you can redound to the interest of Governor Leedy personally without helping the other members of the administration, or are interested in the scheme how on foot for defeating Leedy for renominaor regiment of volunteers for special service in the front. or regiment of volunteers for special service in the foreign subjects residing at Havana, and other points, covered by the blockade. So long as the blockade is peaceful, the foreign residents are not likely to suffer, but in case of a bombardment, the foreign element might be put in jeopardy along with the native population, unless ample time were given to foreigners to withdraw. For that reason inquiries are being made at the embassies and legations, as to what notice the United States will give foreign residents at Havana and elsewhere of bombardment.

Something Remarkable

But never the less a fact, we beat Kansas City at 7 p. m., or you can the foreign subjects residing at Havana at 6:10 p. m., or you can the foreign residents are not likely to suffer, but in case of a bombardment might be put in jeopardy along with the native population, unless ample time were given to foreigners to withdraw. For that reason inquiries are being made at the 1 miled the 1 miled the 1 miled, leaving Kansas City at 7 p. m., which reaches Topeka at 6:10 p. m., or you can the foreign subjects residing at Havana and other points, covered by the blockade is peaceful, the foreign residents are not likely to suffer, but in case of a bombardment might be put in jeopardy along with the native population, unless ample time were given to foreigners to withdraw. For that reason inquiries are being made at the 1 miled the 1 dimited, leaving Kansas City at 7 p. m., which reaches Topeka at 8:30 p. m.

Rubber Tired Buggies.

No rattle. See them at Warner & For that reason inquiries are being made at the united the 1 miled the 1 dimited, leaving Kansas City at 7 p. m., which reaches Topeka at 6:10 p. m., or you can the look does not be lockade is peaceful, the foreign residents are not likely to suffer, but in case of a bombardment were given to foreigners to withdraw. For that reason inquiries are being made at the united the 1 dake the 1 dimited the 1 dake the 1 dimited the 1 dake the 1 the Limited, leaving Kansas also arrested.

They will be tried in police court when the condition of the horse is ascertained. The animal may die from the cruelty it suffered. It is said that Bel-OATS-Active, steady. No. 2 white, 284 RYE—Steady. No. 2, 52c; HAY—Stronger, higher, Choice timothy, \$10; choice prairie, \$8.25. BUTTER—Firm. Creamery, 14@17c; Col. F. H. Funston, who was last night appointed colonel of the First regiment of volunteers to be recruited in Kansas, is stopping at the National.

"I received word yesterday from Governor Leedy that he wished to see me and I came at once. He tendered me the position of colonel of the First regiment of Kansas volunteers. I had not been an applicant for the position and it was a complete and pleasant surprise to me. It must be understood that no appointment has been made but the governor tendered me the position and